

Alabama Transportation Institute (ATI) Overview and Assistance Opportunities for MPOs and RPOs

Steven Jones, *Interim Executive Director*, Alabama Transportation Institute Director, Transportation Policy Research Center





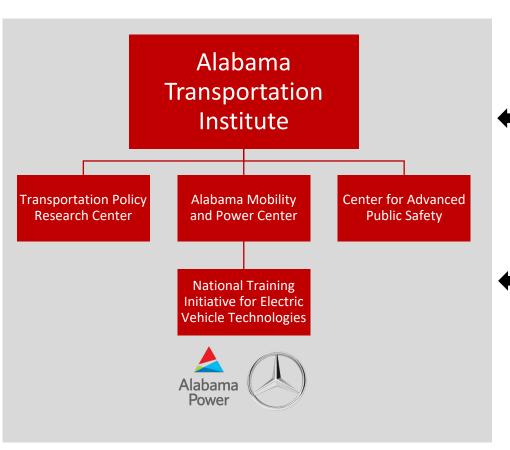
Traffic Management Center

co-located with ATI

Collaborates on data and infrastructure



Support mission-critical operations



UA Collaborating Centers

Center for Advanced
Vehicle Systems

Center for Business
and Economic
Research

Center for Insurance
Information Research

Multi-institutional Centers

Center for Transportation

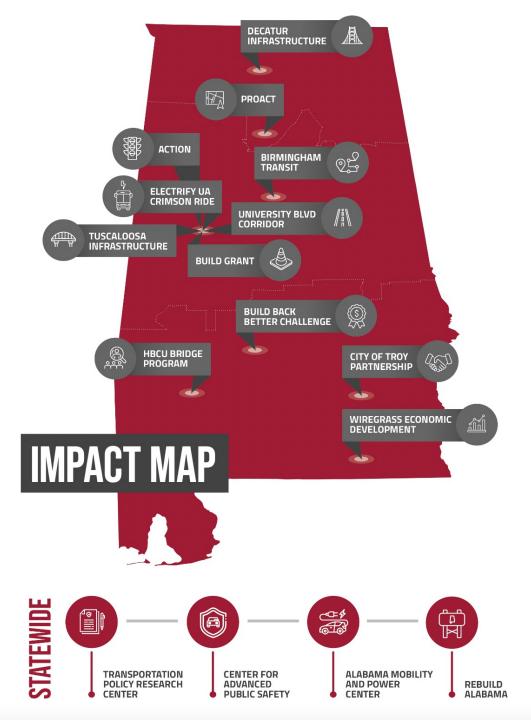


Center for Efficient Vehicles and Sustainable Transportation Systems

> Rural Road Safety Center







ATI Outcomes

- \$30M+ annual operation
- Improved safety of the public
- Improved efficiency of commerce
- Economic development and jobs
- Academic visibility

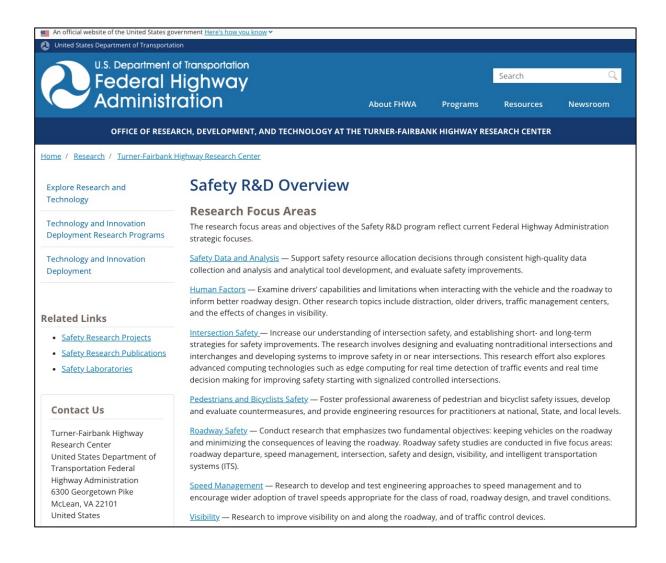
USDOT University Transportation Centers (UTC)

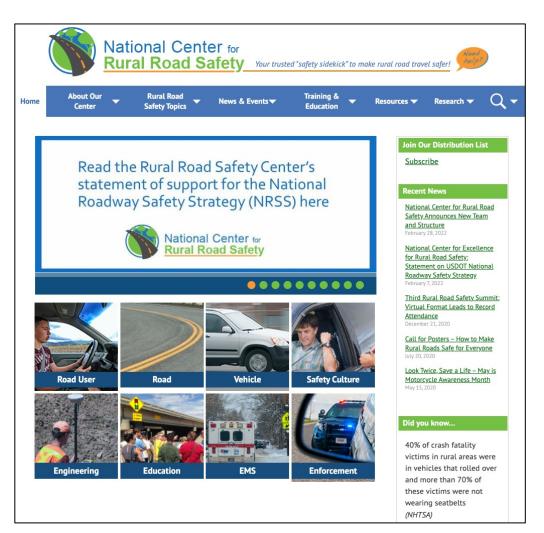
One of 5 One of 10

National Center for Transportation Cybersecurity and Resiliency				
Clemson Univers	sity			
Focus Area: Reducing Transportation Cybersecurity Risks	UTC Director			
 Benedict College Florida International University Morgan State University Purdue University South Carolina State University University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa University of California at Santa Cruz University of Texas at Dallas 	Dr. Mashrur Chowdhury, PE Clemson University 216 Lowry Hall Clemson, SC 29634 Phone: 864-656-3313 Email: mac@clemson.edu Website: TBA 5 years \$20M			

Region: 4 **University Transportation Center for Regional** and Rural Connected Communities North Carolina A&T State University Focus Area: Improving the **UTC** Director Mobility of People and Goods Consortia Members: Dr. Ali Karimoddini North Carolina A&T State University Clemson University 1601 East Market Street • Florida Atlantic University Greensboro, NC 27411 University of Alabama Tuscaloosa · University of Georgia Phone: 336-310-5061 · University of Kentucky Email: akarimod@ncat.edu • University of Tennessee Knoxville Website: TBA 5 years \$15M

USDOT Programs





USDOT Programs

Fiscal Year 2022 Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS) for Transit Buses Demonstration and Automated Transit Bus Maintenance and Yard Operations Demonstration Program Project Selections

Click on a column header to sort by that column.

State	Project Sponsor	Project Type	Project Description	Funding
AL	University of Alabama	Automated Driver Assistance for Transit Buses	The University of Alabama will receive funding to test automation technologies for large transit buses using a lab simulation environment and real-world tests to demonstrate cost-effectiveness and equity impacts.	\$2,000,000

Federal EV infrastructure funding

AGENCY NAME: Department of Energy, Office of Energy and Renewable

Energy (DOE-EERE)

SOLICITATION NUMBER: DE-FOA-0002893

SOLICITATION NAME: Fiscal Year 2023 Vehicle Technologies Office (VTO) Program

FOA TOPIC: Topic Area 10: Mobility System Approaches Supporting

Public Transportation

PROJECT TITLE: Co-E3T: Energy-Efficient and Equitable Transit through user-

centric hardware and software Co-development and

community Co-design

APPLICANT: University of Alabama

BUSINESS TYPE: Academic

TEAM MEMBER:

- 1. THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA (UA)
- 2. PURDUE UNIVERSITY
- 3. NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY LABORATRY (NREL)
- 4. THE REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION OF GREATER BIRMINGHAM AREA (RPCGB)
- 5. BIRMINGHAM JEFFERSON COUNTY TRANSIT AUTHORITY (BJCTA/MAX TRANSIT)
- 6. CLASTRAN PARATARNSIT

TECHNICAL CONTACT:

Xinwu Qian, Ph.D.

3011 Cyber, The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, 35487

Phone: 205 348 1613 Email: xinwu.qian@ua.edu

BUSINESS CONTACT:

Lisa Joiner

Sponsored Programs Director

Phone: 205 348 5092

Email: ljoiner@research.ua.edu



NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

Albany, OR | Morgantown, WV | Pittsburgh, PA



July 14, 2023

Lisa Joiner University of Alabama Ijoiner@research.ua.edu

<u>SUBJECT</u>: Funding Opportunity Announcement Number DE-FOA-0002893, "Fiscal Year 2023 Vehicle Technologies Office Program Wide Funding Opportunity Announcement"

Project Title: Co-E3T: Energy-Efficient and Equitable Transit through usercentric hardware and software Co-development and community Co-design

Control Number: 2893-1891

Dear Lisa Joiner:

Thank you for your concept paper submitted in response to the subject Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA). The Department of Energy (DOE) recognizes the significant effort your organization expended to prepare an initial response to this announcement. Your concept paper was carefully reviewed in accordance with the concept paper evaluation criteria in the FOA. The results of your concept paper review are as follows:

x Encouraged to Submit a Full Application

Receiving a letter of encouragement is not a guarantee that an application will be selected for negotiations leading to award.

Discouraged from Submitting a Full Application

- The Concept Paper did not adequately describe the proposed technology, project, or goal.
- __ The Concept Paper did not adequately establish how the proposed technology or project is unique and innovative.

Other Funded Research

NextGen Alabama Traffic Monitoring Program, funded by Alabama DOT, \$1.9M

Data and Information Technology Support for Alabama Traffic Safety Programs, funded by ADECA, \$2M

Critical Analysis Reporting Environment, funded by the Alaska DOT, \$142k

Understanding the fundamental redox chemistry and transport of chloroaluminate anions in ionic liquid electrolytes in developing earth-abundant and ultra-long-life aluminum ion battery, *funded by the National Science Foundation*, \$360k

Humvee Powertrain & Automotive Enhancements, funded by AM General, \$1.7M

Validation and Vulnerability Testing of Biometric Technologies at Access Control Points, funded by the US Army, \$575k



Automated Connected Electric Shared Safe

self-driving cars V2V, V2I, V2X electric vehicles Uber or Lyft towards zero deaths

AUTOMATED

Indy Autonomous Challenge

- Partnership between Milan Polytechnic and UA
- Deploy software to operate a standard issue racecar at high speeds under challenging performance conditions.
- Won 3rd at Indy in 2021, and won 1st at the Consumer Electronics Show 2022 and 2023
- "Performance autonomy" can be an area of international collaboration and world leading strength.

Friday April 29, 2022 Daily Mail

Robo-car breaks the world speed record! Fully autonomous PoliMOVE vehicle reaches an incredible 192.2mph on the Space Shuttle airstrip at NASA's Kennedy Space Center

- The car is a Dallara-built AV-21 that has hardware to enable automation
- It took to the track on the Space Shuttle airstrip in Cape Canavera on April 27
- The speed of 192.2mph was obtained as an average of over 0.6 miles (1km) in two consecutive attempts in opposite directions, to eliminate the effects of the wind



CONNECTED

Advanced Transportation and Congestion Management Technologies Deployment (ATCMTD)



Smart infrastructure

Vehicle to infrastructure communication

Automated traffic flow management

Autonomous freight delivery

Fiber optics

Deep learning camera detection

DSRC Radios and Cellular communication

Advanced data-logging traffic controllers

Active signal control

\$8+ million

Dr. Alex Hainen, Associate Professor, Civil, Construction & Environmental Engineering

Advanced Connected Transportation Infrastructure and Operations (ACTION) Project

\$5 million

Dr. Alex Hainen, Associate Professor, Civil, Construction & Environmental Engineering

Proactive Route Operations to Avert Congestion in Traffic (PROACT) Alabama Project

\$8+ million

Dr. Mizan Rahman, Assistant Professor in Civil, Construction and Environmental Engineering

Smart and Connected Atlantic City Expressway Project

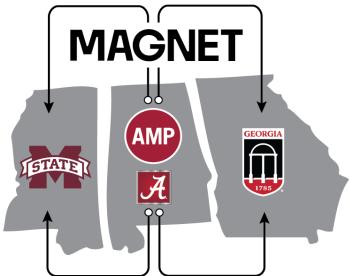
INDUSTRY

Alabama Mobility & Power Center

- Use-inspired research
- Industry-driven research
- Workforce and economic development



- \$1M planning grant, 2 years
- \$160M full grant,10 years



GOVERNMENT

Center for Advanced Vehicle Technologies

- Electric buses FTA (\$10M)
- Second-Use Batteries DOE (\$8M)
- Military Vehicle Power-Train Electrification – DOD (\$11M)



Transportation Policy Research Center

Driving Regional Innovation through Vehicle Electrification (DRIVE)



- \$500K planning grant
- Seeking further funding
- Equity, access to jobs, healthcare, rural transit

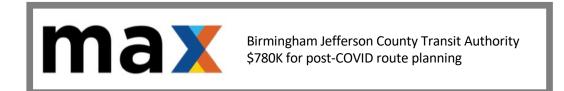




Strengthening Mobility and Revolutionizing Transportation (SMART) Grants Program

Recipient	Project Name	Funding	Project Type	Project Summary
Regional Planning Commission of Greater Birmingham	Community-driven Regional Mobility Engine for Accessible and Equitable Multimodal Public Transportation in Central Alabama	\$1,492,204	Transit Innovation	Convert existing public transportation systems in Central Alabama into an integrated mobility system leveraging cyberinfrastructure, route optimization and planning, service integration, trip dispatching, and more.





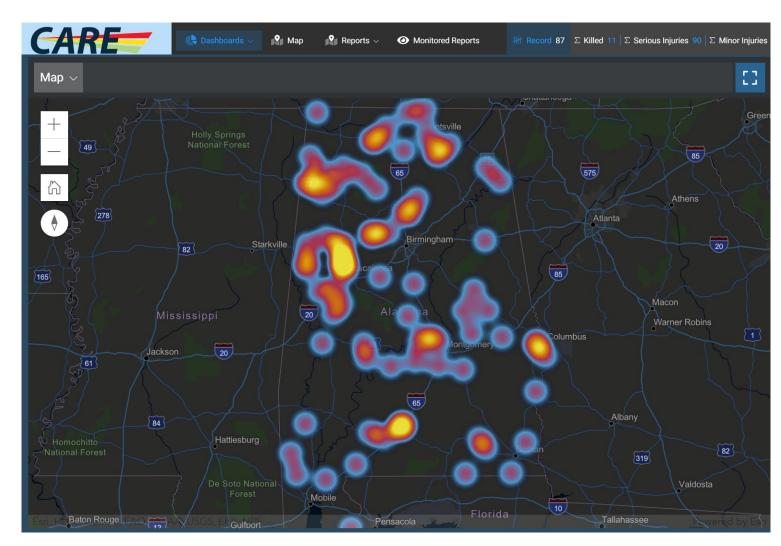
Center for Advanced Public Safety

Traffic safety projects

- Alabama Click-It-Or-Ticket evaluation
- Safety plans for NHTSA and FHWA
- Alabama Traffic Records Coordinating Committee
- Critical Analysis Reporting Environment (CARE)

Technology projects

- Crash data and reports
- Electronic traffic citations
- DUI reports
- Crime reports
- Person lookups/DL Photos
- Commercial vehicle enforcement
- Titles
- State vehicle registration repository
- Ambulance run reports



AUTOMATED

Scholarly Output

ELECTRIC





Novel Design of Six-Phase Spoke-Type Ferrite Permanent Magnet Motor for Electric Truck Application

Hovun Won 10, Yang-Ki Hong 1,*, Minyeong Choi 1, Jonathan Platt 1, Briana Bryant 1, Seungdeog Choi 2, Shuhui Li ¹, Hwan-Sik Yoon ³, Timothy A. Haskew ¹, Jongkook Lee ⁴, Taegyu Lee ⁴ and Tae-Won Lim ⁴

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- Institute of Fundamental and Advanced Technology (IFAT), Hyundai Motor Company, Uiwang-si 16082, Korea; samemind@hyundai.com (J.L.); xorb9@hyundai.com (T.L.); twlim@hvundai.com (T-W.L.)

SHARED

* Correspondence: ykhong@eng.ua.edu

Technological Forecasting Social Change

Perceptions and expectations of autonomous vehicles – A snapshot of vulnerable road user opinion



Praveena Penmetsa^{a,*}, Emmanuel Kofi Adanu^a, Dustin Wood^a, Teng Wang^b, Steven L. Jones^c

Alabama Transportation Institute, The University of Alabama, Cyber Hall, Tuscaloosa, AL 35487, United States of America Texas A&M Transportation Institute, 1100 NW Loop 410, Suite 400, San Antonio, TX 78213, United States of America

Department of Civil, Construction, and Environmental Engineering. The University of Alabama, Cyber Hall, Tuscaloosa, AL 35487, United States of

Check for updates

Accident Analysis and Prevention

SAFE

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/aap

How did the COVID-19 pandemic affect road crashes and crash outcomes in Alabama?

Emmanuel Kofi Adanu a, David Brown , Steven Jones Allen Parrish

- a Alabama Transportation Institute, The University of Alabama, United States
- b Center for Advanced Public Safety, The University of Alabama, United States

ASCE

RANSPORTATION LETTERS





Analytical and Empirical Evaluation of Freight Priority System in Connected Vehicle Environment

CONNECTED

Md Abu Sufian Talukder¹; Elsa G. Tedla²; Alexander M. Hainen, Ph.D., M.ASCE³; and Travis Atkison, Ph.D.⁴

Abstract: The transit signal priority (TSP) strategy has been widely adopted as a practical approach to improving the efficiency and reliability of transit operations. Over the years, few studies have adopted the concept of TSP to implement freight signal priority (FSP) for improving the safety and operational performances of freight vehicles. Despite the promising outcome in previous studies, several drawbacks, such as inaccurate estimation of a freight's arrival time at a stop bar and inefficient use of priority measures, have prevented their wide applications. This paper aims to develop a FSP system that utilizes emerging connected vehicle technology to overcome the challenges associated with conventional FSP systems. An estimated time of arrival (ETA)-based FSP logic was developed and analytically examined to demonstrate the operational efficiency that can be achieved. The proposed FSP system was implemented in a real-world coordinated signalized corridor for systematical analysis and validation of its field operation. Analysis results showed that the proposed FSP system can effectively address the shortcomings in traditional FSP systems by accurately estimating a freight's arrival time and providing accurate and efficient priority measures, DOI: 10.1061/JTEPBS.0000673. © 2022 American Society of Civil Engineers.

Author keywords: Freight signal priority (FSP); Signal control; Priority logic; Connected vehicle; Field experiment.

ttps://doi.org/10.1080/19427867.2019.1694202



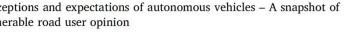
Department of Civil, Construction and Environmental Engineering, The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, USA

When autonomous vehicles (AVs) are fully functional, they will compete with existing mainstays in the transportation system. Sharing AVs can mitigate the inefficient use of privately-owned AVs (e.g., emptyvehicle miles), and to improve the productivity of AVs (i.e., less time parked than personal vehicles). Further, sharing AVs will enable people to travel without vehicle ownership costs and responsibilities. In this regard, taxi travelers will likely be the first users of shared autonomous vehicles (SAVs). This study investigates the trips made by taxi users in Chicago and develops an agent-based modeling framework to simulate a fleet of SAVs operating in the network, competing with human driver taxis. Results show that SAVs may attract more users than conventional taxis because of reduced driver-associated costs (driver not required in SAV services). The results provide insights to both private and public sectors who seek to implement SAVs to challenge or eventually replace existing taxis.

KEYWORDS

vehicles; taxis; agent-based model: mode choice













Interdisciplinary

Attitude and Responses to the Pandemic and COVID-19 Vaccination in Rural Alabama: The Importance of Transportation

Hee Yun Lee, Cho Rong Won, Zhichao Hao, Yan Luo, Rebecca Allen, and Steven Jones

Abstract

Background: As of June 2021, the United States had been greatly affected by the global COVID-19 pandemic. This study aims to explore self-care measures during the pandemic, the impact of the pandemic, and attitudes toward COVID-19 vaccination among residents living in rural Alabama.

Methods: Focus group interviews were conducted in designated local communities in the rural areas of Alabama in September 2020. Recruited from a pool of individuals living in a local community, focus group members voluntarily participated in this study after providing informed consent. A semi-structured interview revolved around the following topics: (1) the impact of the pandemic on participants' health and health care access, (2) self-care activities during the the pandemic, and (3) opinions on COVID-19 vaccination.

Results: Three major themes and corresponding subthemes were identified: (1) self-care activities during the pandemic with four subthemes: physical health care, relationships with others, hygiene maintenance, and keeping informed; (2) impact of the pandemic with two subthemes: negative mental health and online services and activities;

Hee Yun Lee, PhD, is professor, associate dean for research, and endowed academic chair on social work (health), School of Social Work, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa. Cho Rong Won, MSW, is doctoral candidate, School of Social Work, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa. Zhichao Hao, MSW, PhD, is assistant professor, Southwest University, Chongqing, China. Yan Luo, MSW, is doctoral candidate, School of Social Work, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa. Also at the University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Rebecca Allen, PhD, ABPP, is professor and interim chair, Department of Psychology, Alabama Research Institute on Aging, and Steven Jones, PhD, is professor and deputy director, Alabama Transportation Institute, Department of Civil, Construction & Environmental Engineering.

This research was funded by the Alabama Transportation Institute, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa.

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A SYSTEMATIC LITERATURE REVIEW OF SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION AND ACADEMIC OUTCOMES

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Interdisciplinary

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION Panel Summary Review

Proposal:2303284 PI Name:Liu, Jun

INSTITUTION: University of Alabama Tuscaloosa

NSF PROGRAM: S&CC: Smart & Connected Commun

PROPOSAL TITLE: SCC-PG: Building a smart and connected rural community for

improved healthcare access through the deployment of

integrated mobility solutions

PANEL SUMMARY:

Panel Summary

Description of project:

The project aims to develop a framework for helping patients in disadvantaged rural communities gain access to health care services through on-demand mobility services. The proposed research consists of the development of a Smart Health and Mobility System (SHMS) that integrates patient needs and mobility services, the examination of patient behavioral dimensions related to health care and transportation, and agent-based modeling of the system. The study focuses on an area in Alabama that is part of the Black Belt Region and engages with a range of transportation providers, health providers, and community leaders.



Global Impact

Journal of Transport Geography 80 (2019) 102503

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal of Transport Geography

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jtrangeo



What can open access data from India tell us about road safety and sustainable development?



Steven Jonesa, Abhay Lidbeb, Alex Hainenc

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- b Postoctoral Researcher, Alabama Transportation Institute, The University of Alabama, 3015 Cyber Hall, Box 870205, Tuscaloosa, AL 35487, United States of America ^c Department of Civil, Construction & Environmental Engineering, The University of Alabama, 3010 Cyber Hall, Box 870205, Tuscaloosa, AL 35487, United States of America



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Accident Analysis and Prevention

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Injury-severity analysis of intercity bus crashes in Ghana: A random parameters multinomial logit with heterogeneity in means and variances approach

James Damsere-Derry ^a, Emmanuel Kofi Adanu ^{b,*}, Thomas Kolawole Ojo ^c, Enoch F. Sam ^d

- a CSIR-Building & Road Research Institute, UPO Box 40, Kumasi, Ghana
- b Alabama Transportation Institute, The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, USA
- ^c Department of Geography and Regional Planning, University of Cape Coast, Ghana
- d Department of Geography Education, University of Education, Winneba, Ghana

DEVELOPMENT SOUTHERN AFRICA 2020, VOL. 37, NO. 2, 295-311 https://doi.org/10.1080/0376835X.2019.1659131



Check for updates

Road crashes in Namibia: Challenges and opportunities for sustainable development

Steven Jones^a, Kenneth Odero^b and Emmanuel Kofi Adanu^c

^aDepartment of Civil, Construction & Environmental Engineering, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, USA; Namibian German Institute for Logistics, Namibia University of Science and Technology, Windhoek, Namibia; Alabama Transportation Institute, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, AL, USA

Within a broad framework for comprehensive advancement, the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) directly address the importance of safe transport to human development. We analysed some 29 000 crashes recorded in Namibia between 2012 and 2015 to identify connections between road safety and sustainable development there and, by extension, throughout Sub-Saharan Africa and other developing countries. The results indicate that the heavy reliance on transport services for basic mobility, especially in rural areas, contributes to negative development outcomes in terms of significant burden of injuries and death, many of which affect younger people of prime working age. The results also suggest that development pressures such as increased commercial traffic and more private vehicles increase the burden of roadway crashes. Many of the underlying factors contributing to these crashes are attributable to driving behaviours and safety cultures that must be addressed as part of programmatic socioeconomic development in order to mitigate the negative effects of transportation and more fully realise its potential to support sustainable development. We document additional ways in which the provision of safe transport is interrelated to successful attainment of the broader SDGs including those not explicitly addressing safe transport such as 4, 5, 8, 9, 16, and 17.

Namibia: road safety: sustainable development:









University of Alabama ITE Student Chapter











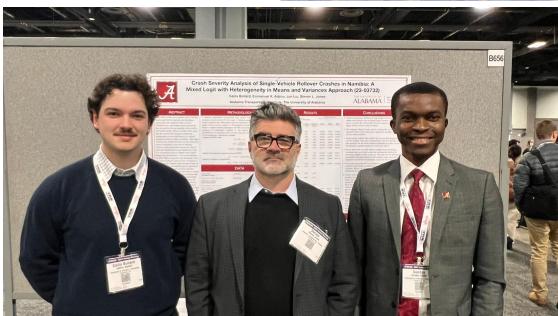
The University of Alabama EcoCAR

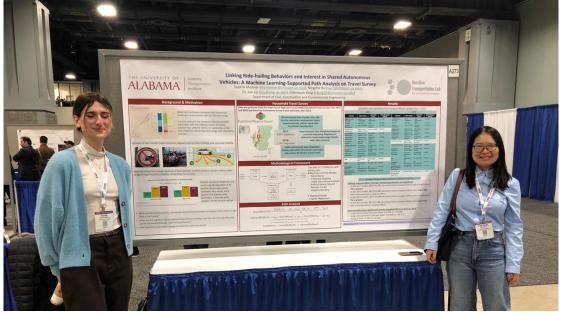




Fieldwork





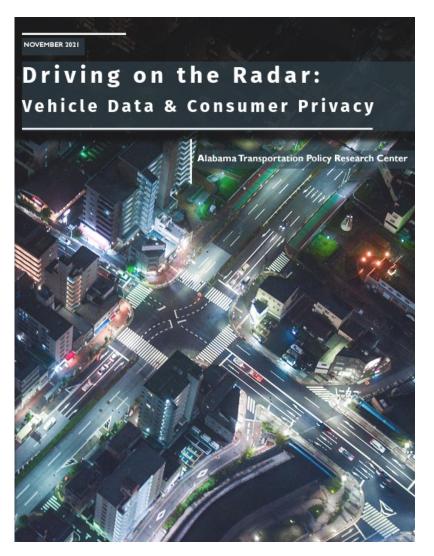


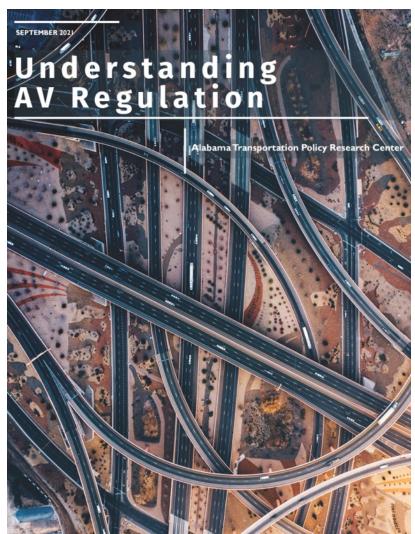
Transportation Research Board Annual Meeting



Transportation Research Board Annual Meeting

TPRC





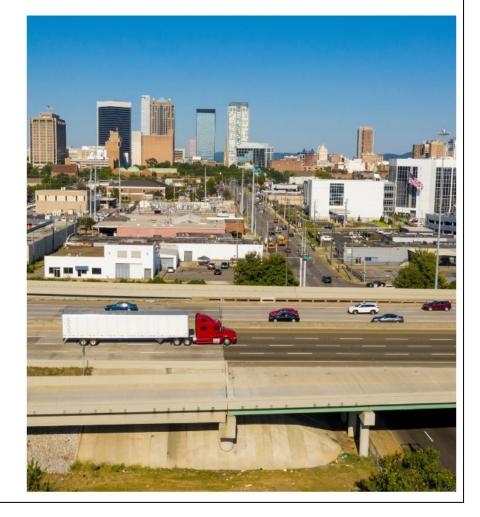




Transportation Policy Research Center

The mission of the Transportation Policy Research Center is to conduct interdisciplinary transportation research and policy analysis that serves the State and elevates the national and international reputation of the transportation research enterprise of the Alabama Transportation Institute.

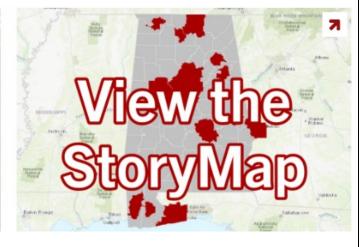
LEARN MORE



SERVICES







Alabama Transportation Legislation

The TPRC tracks transportation-related legislation presented during each session. In addition, annual legislative summaries are compiled for each year.

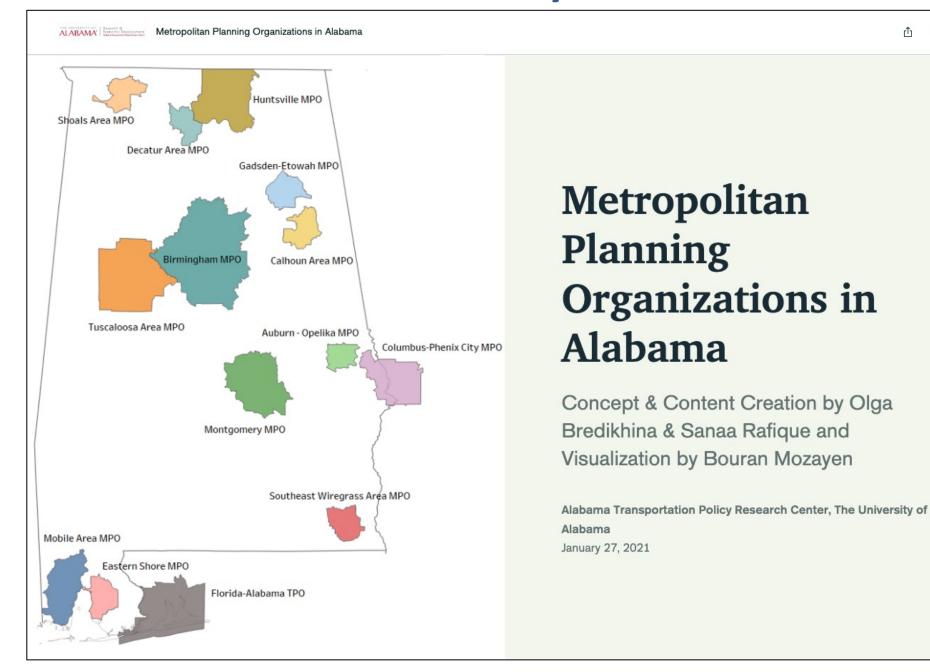
Rebuild Alabama

In compliance with the Rebuild Alabama Act, TPRC compiles bid announcements for roadwork and other infrastructure projects.

Metropolitan Planning Organizations

TPRC provides information about the organizational structure, demographics, and mobility data for each of Alabama's fourteen MPOs.

Û



Services

Alabama Transportation Legislation

Metropolitan Planning Organizations

Rebuild Alabama

View the Alabama MPO Story Map

What is a Metropolitan Planning Organization?

A Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is a transportation policy-making body comprising representatives from local government and various transportation authorities. Every metropolitan area with a population of 50,000 or more is federally mandated to have an MPO.

Why do MPOs exist?

- Legal reasons: formation of MPOs is required by Federal Aid Highway Act of 1962 and subsequent acts for 50,000+ population urban areas.
- Planning reasons: MPOs promote cooperation and open planning processes and ensure local concerns are addressed.

What are MPOs' functions?

- Identify and assess transportation improvement options
- Engage and coordinate stakeholders, produce data and facilitate information sharing across jurisdictions
- Make decisions about the allocation of federal highway and transit funds within the metropolitan areas

Development of MPOs in Alabama

The transportation planning process for the first MPOs in Alabama started as early as 1963 and included Birmingham MPO, Huntsville MPO and Tuscaloosa MPO.

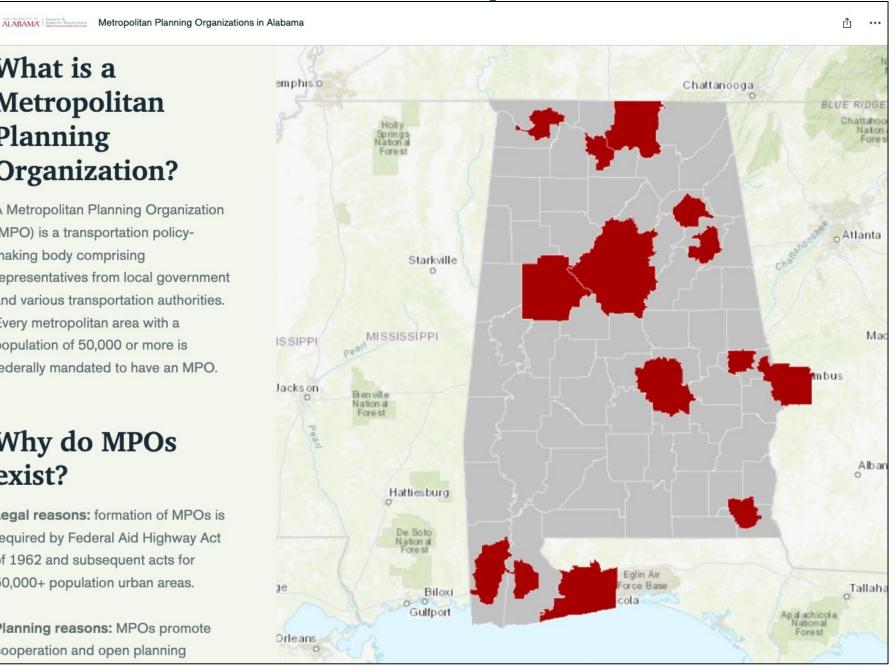
What is a Metropolitan **Planning** Organization?

A Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is a transportation policymaking body comprising representatives from local government and various transportation authorities. Every metropolitan area with a population of 50,000 or more is federally mandated to have an MPO.

Why do MPOs exist?

Legal reasons: formation of MPOs is required by Federal Aid Highway Act of 1962 and subsequent acts for 50,000+ population urban areas.

Planning reasons: MPOs promote cooperation and open planning



Auburn-Opelika **MPO**

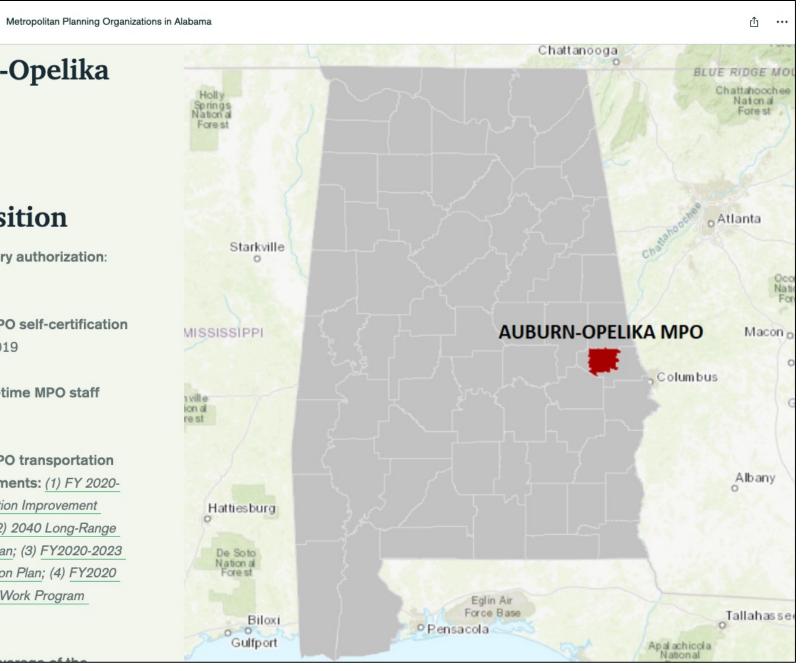
I. MPO **Composition**

Year of statutory authorization: 1982

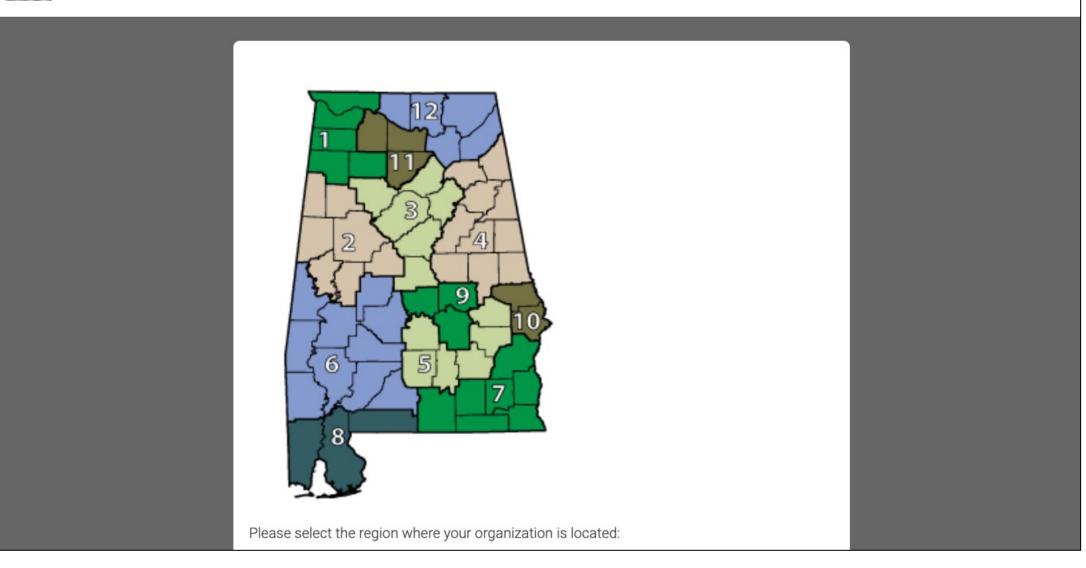
Most recent MPO self-certification date: 18 July 2019

Number of full-time MPO staff members: 1

Links to key MPO transportation planning documents: (1) FY 2020-2023 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP); (2) 2040 Long-Range Transportation Plan; (3) FY2020-2023 Public Participation Plan; (4) FY2020 Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP).

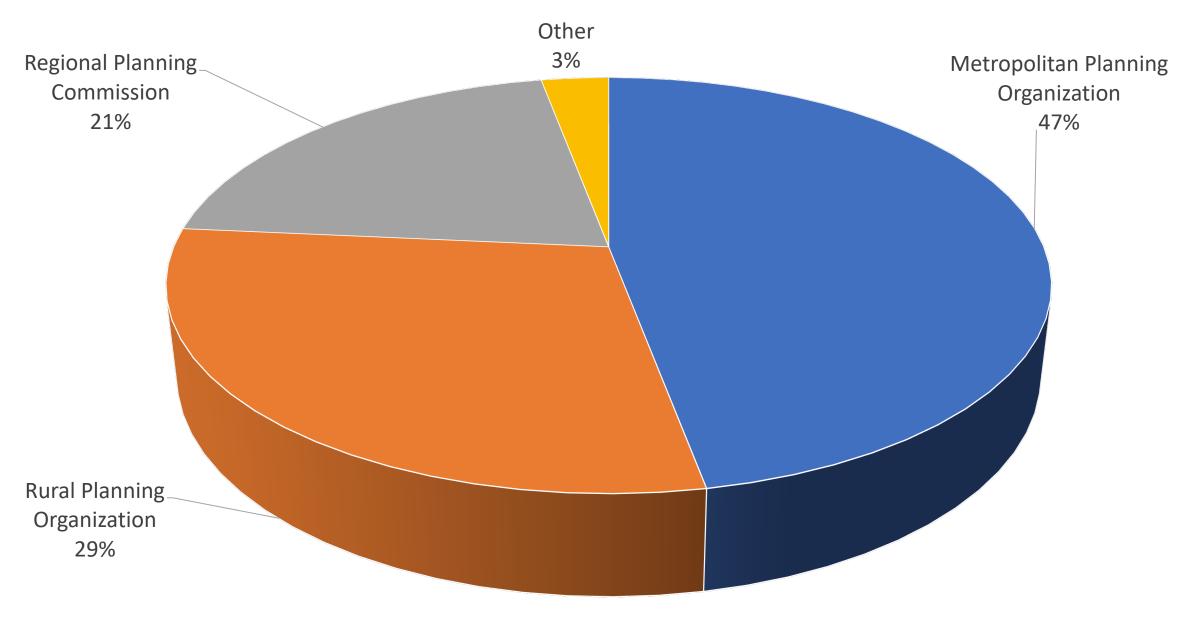




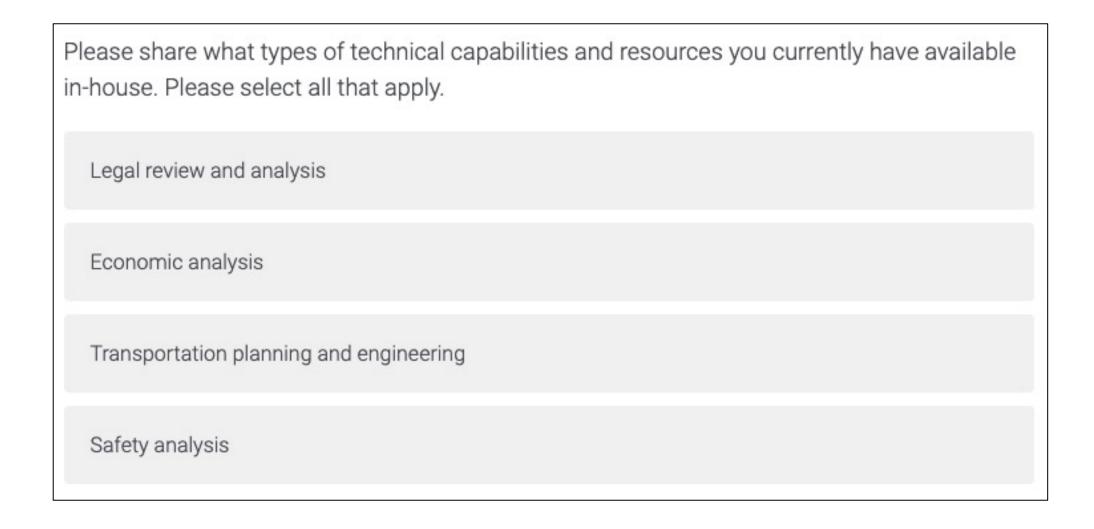


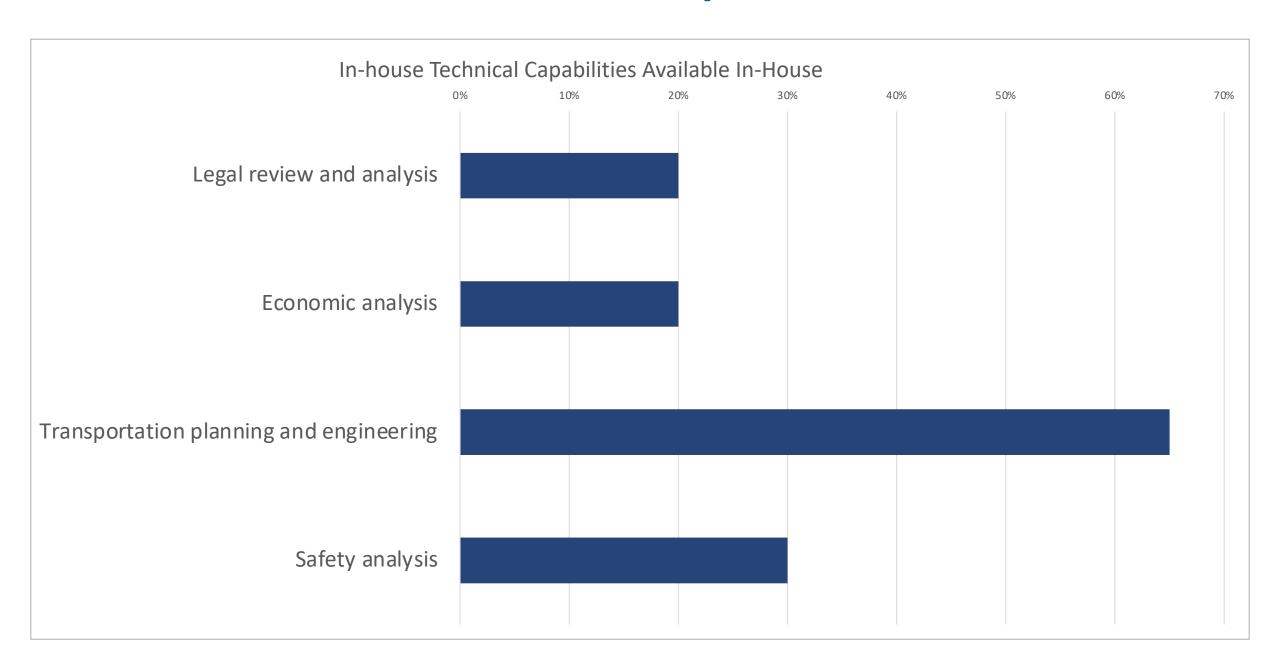
THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA®

What type of organization do you represent? Please select all that apply.	
Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)	
Regional Planning Commission (RPC)	
Rural Planning Organization (RPO)	
Other (please specify in the text box below)	



Survey Responses by TPO Type





Please select the federal initiatives that you are currently engaged in and whether you need support with this area:

Tackling the Climate Crisis - Transition to a Clean Energy, Resilient Future: accelerating the transition toward electric and other alternative fueled vehicles, planning for a sustainable infrastructure system that works for all users, and undertaking actions to prepare for and adapt to the impacts of climate change.

Equity and Justice 40 in Transportation Planning: advancing racial equity and support for underserved and disadvantaged communities.

Complete Streets: planning, developing, and operating streets and networks that prioritize safety, comfort, and access to destinations for people who use the street network, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, micro-mobility users, freight delivery services, and motorists.

Public Involvement: increasing meaningful public involvement in transportation planning by integrating Virtual Public Involvement (VPI) tools into the overall public involvement approach while ensuring continued public participation by individuals without access to computers and mobile devices.

Strategic Highway Network (STRAHNET)/U.S. Department of Defense (DOD)

Coordination: coordinating with representatives from DOD in the transportation planning and project programming process on infrastructure and connectivity needs for STRAHNET routes and other public roads that connect to DOD facilities.

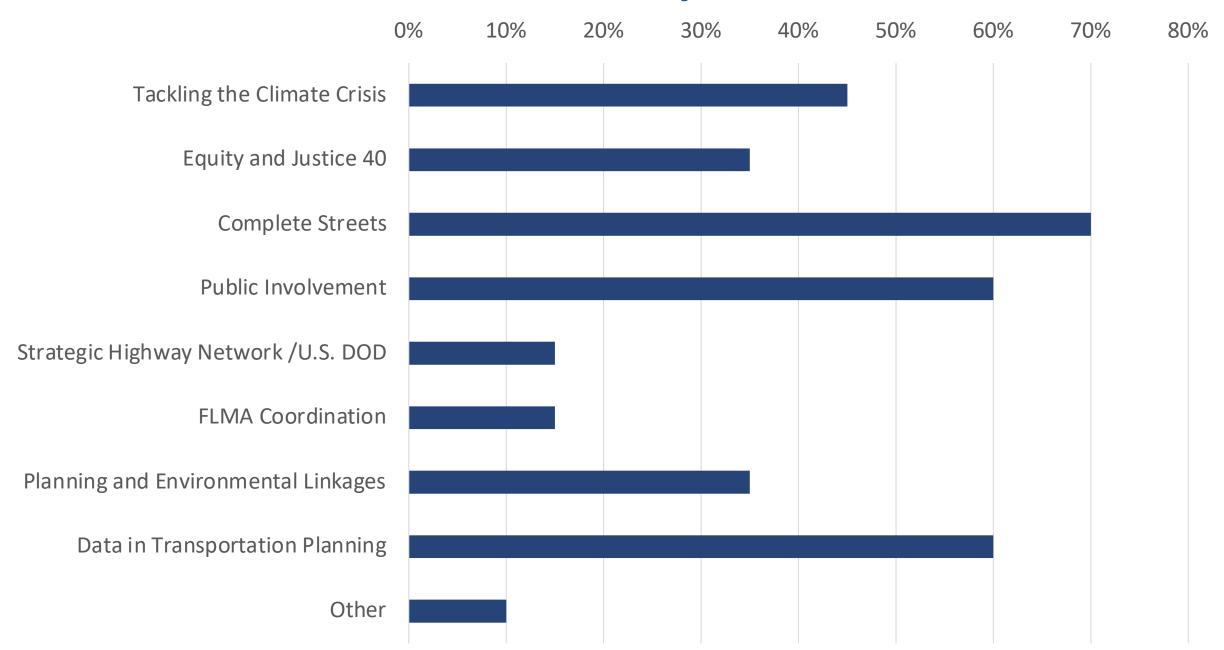
Federal Land Management Agency (FLMA) Coordination: coordinating with FLMAs in the transportation planning and project programming process on infrastructure and connectivity needs related to access routes and other public roads and transportation services that connect to Federal lands.

Planning and Environment Linkages (PEL): implementing PEL as part of the transportation planning and environmental review processes.

Data in Transportation Planning: adressing the emerging topic areas of data sharing, needs, and analytics by incorporating data sharing and consideration into the transportation planning process.

Other (please specify in the field below):

What type(s) of technical support may be helpful in your transportation planning work? Please select all that apply. State and federal legislation review, compliance, guidance, and interpretation (e.i. American with Disabilities Act (ADA), Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), etc.). Please specify the type of legal assistance needed in the field below Identification of grant opportunities (e.g. Safe Streets and Roads for All (SS4A), Thriving Communities Program, and others) Preparation of grant applications / cost-benefit analysis and economic impact analysis Preparation of grant applications / operational analysis (e.g. crash data) Development of Transportation Improvement Plans (e.g. prioritizing projects) Transit planning Bicycle and pedestrian planning Freight transportation planning Travel demand modeling and forecasting Safety planning and analyses Traffic engineering Other types of assistance (please specify in the text box below)



Please select the federal initiatives that you are currently engaged in and whether you need support with this area:

Tackling the Climate Crisis - Transition to a Clean Energy, Resilient Future: accelerating the transition toward electric and other alternative fueled vehicles, planning for a sustainable infrastructure system that works for all users, and undertaking actions to prepare for and adapt to the impacts of climate change.

Equity and Justice 40 in Transportation Planning: advancing racial equity and support for underserved and disadvantaged communities.

Complete Streets: planning, developing, and operating streets and networks that prioritize safety, comfort, and access to destinations for people who use the street network, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, micro-mobility users, freight delivery services, and motorists.

Public Involvement: increasing meaningful public involvement in transportation planning by integrating Virtual Public Involvement (VPI) tools into the overall public involvement approach while ensuring continued public participation by individuals without access to computers and mobile devices.

Strategic Highway Network (STRAHNET)/U.S. Department of Defense (DOD)

Coordination: coordinating with representatives from DOD in the transportation planning and project programming process on infrastructure and connectivity needs for STRAHNET routes and other public roads that connect to DOD facilities.

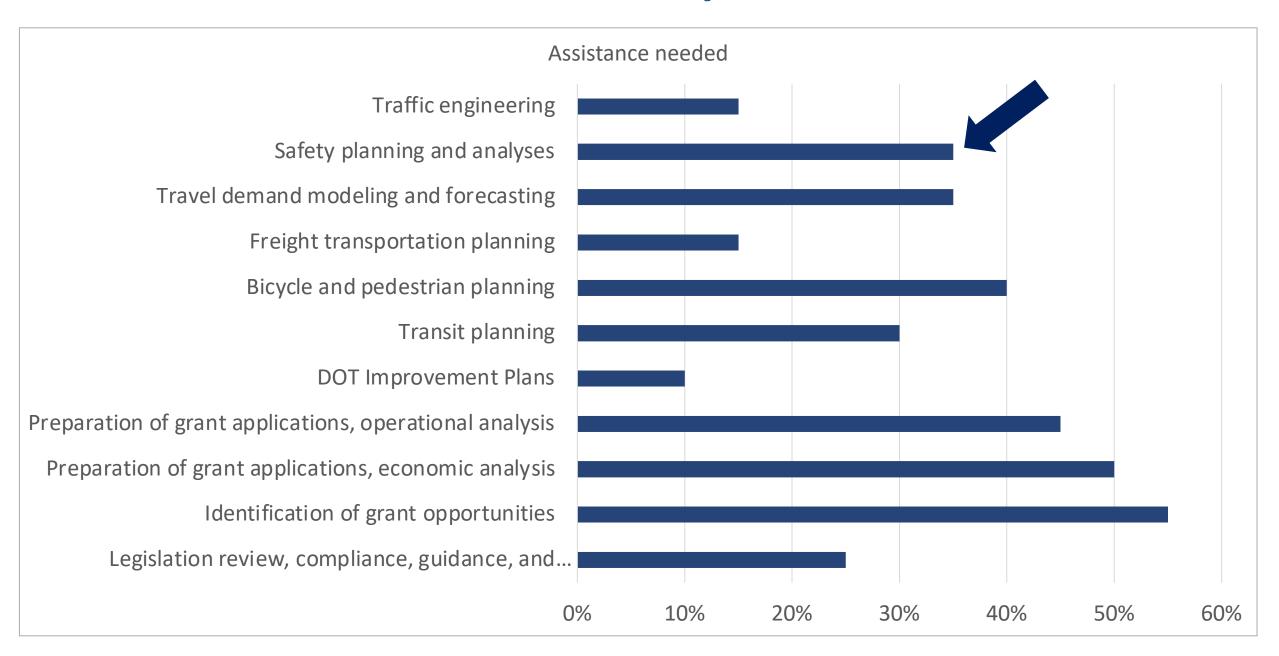
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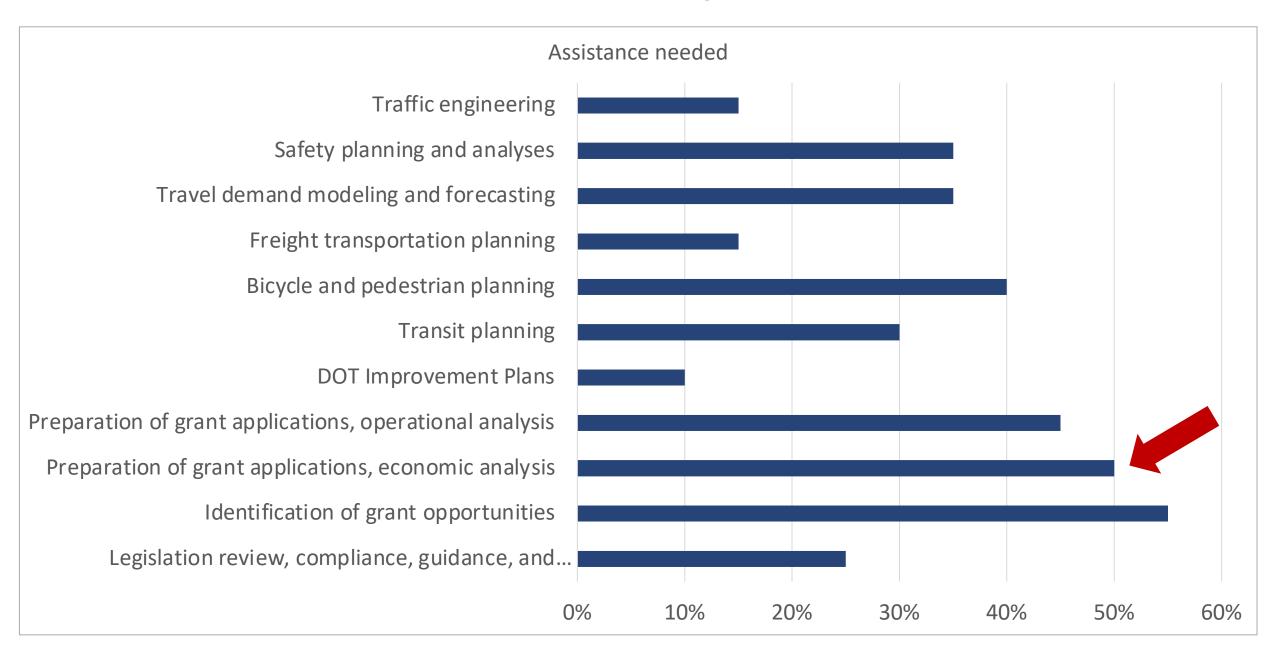
Safety Technical Assistance for Counties and Cities

The Alabama Department of Transportation is partnering with the Alabama Transportation Assistance Program at Auburn University to administer a Safety Technical Assistance for Counties and Cities (STACC) program. STACC provides technical support, training, and other activities to Alabama counties and cities to support their efforts to reduce fatalities and injuries on city and county roads. STACC also supports the goals of both the Alabama Strategic Highway Safety Plan and the Alabama Department of Transportation (ALDOT) Towards Zero Deaths strategy (TZD).

In Alabama, counties and cities are responsible for about 88% of the public road mileage. However, some of these local governments, particularly smaller jurisdictions, may lack the personnel resources and/or expertise to perform safety reviews and analyses. The STACC program makes road safety technical assistance services available to cities and counties that otherwise would be unobtainable due to their limited resources. The program's focus is primarily for counties with a population of less than 50,000 and cities with a population of less than 20,000 but is intended to be valuable to all local governments.









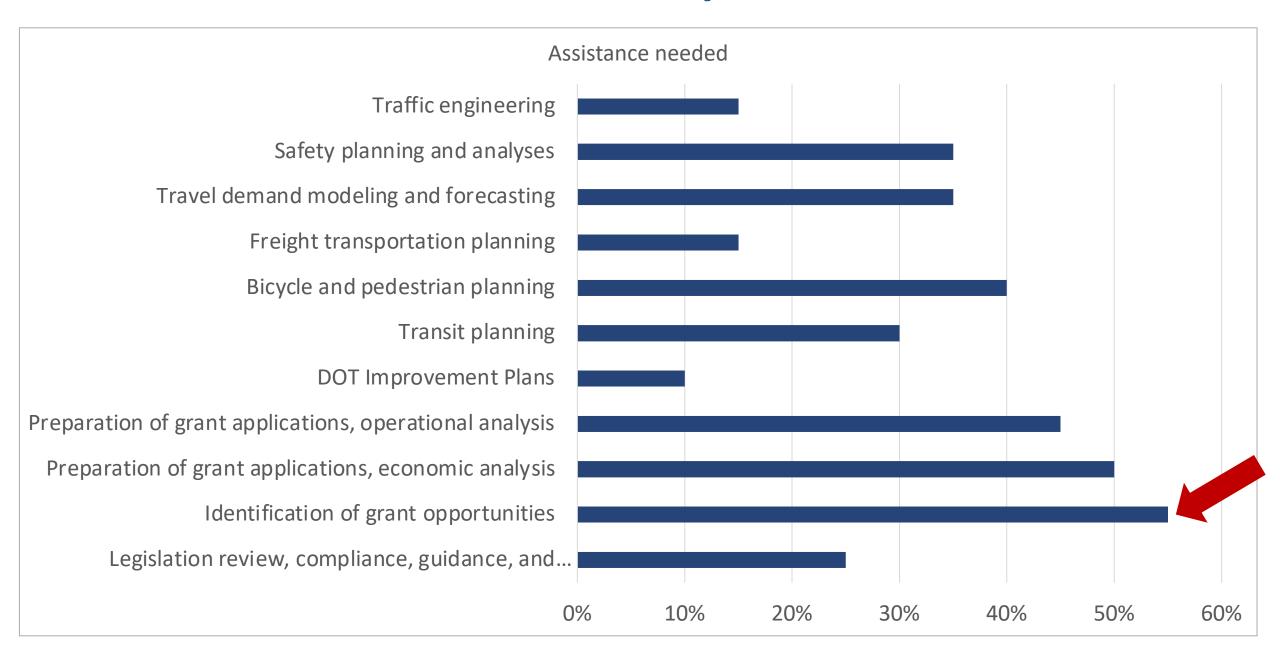
February 22, 2023

To: City of Anniston

From: Olga Bredikhina, Transportation Policy Research Center

RE: 2023 Raise Grant Application City of Anniston Chief Ladiga Trail Extension Project

This benefit-cost analysis (BCA) was conducted for the City of Anniston Chief Ladiga Trail Extension Project. To the maximum extent possible given available data, the formal BCA prepared in connection with this RAISE grant application reflects quantifiable economic benefits. The analysis follows the methodology, procedures and parameters in USDOT 2023 Benefit-Cost Analysis Guidance for Discretionary Grant Programs. All analyses contain live formulas, clear documentation of assumptions, and assume 2021 constant dollars. To conduct the analysis, all 2023 cost estimates were assumed to be provided in 2022 Q4 dollar values (2022 Q4 is the latest period with implicit price deflator values available through the Bureau of Economic Analysis National Income and Product Accounts Data that is recommended for use by the USDOT 2023 BCA Guidance as a general method of converting nominal dollars into real dollars). As recommended by the USDOT 2023 BCA Guidance, all current (2022 Q4) values were deflated to 2021 dollar values (annual average deflator values). The results of the BCA presented in this document were inflated to 2022 Q4 dollar values. All the calculations and results are included in the spreadsheet accompanying this document. Table 1 in this Memo presents quantifiable benefits for the project segment. Table 3 of the report presents the cumulative BCA results for the project in 2021 \$ and Table 4 of the report presents the cumulative BCA results for the project in 2022 \$.





PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS

SMART

Strengthening Mobility and **Revolutionizing Transportation** (SMART) Grants Program





Build America Bureau for Innovative Project Financing

Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) **Grants and Loans**



Rural Opportunities to Use

(ROUTES)

Transportation for Economic Success

Federal Transit Administration (FTA) **Grant Programs**



ABOUT DOT V PRIORITIES V CONNECT V

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FY 2023 Thriving Communities Program Coming Soon!

The Fiscal Year (FY) 2023 Thriving Communities Program opportunity for Capacity Builders and communities is expected to open in summer 2023. USDOT will update this webpage with more information when it becomes available. Subscribe to email updates to receive updates about upcoming Thriving Communities Program opportunities and other technical assistance and funding opportunities from across USDOT.

Through the Thriving Communities Program, USDOT selects and funds Capacity Builder teams to provide deep-dive technical assistance, planning, and capacity building support to under-resourced and disadvantaged communities across the U.S. to help ensure these communities have the technical tools and organizational capacity to comprehensively plan for and deliver quality infrastructure projects and community development projects that enable their communities and neighborhoods to thrive. USDOT selects Capacity Builders and communities through separate but coordinated application and review processes.

What Can I Do to Prepare?

If the Thriving Communities Program sounds like a good fit for your organization or community, here are some suggestions to prepare for the FY 2023 program:

- · If you are a community that needs technical assistance, planning, and capacity building support:
 - Begin identifying community partnerships and discussing your community's specific needs and vision for transformative transportation and community revitalization projects.
 - Review the list of selected FY 2022 communities to see the types of issues and places that USDOT is supporting and check out the selected Capacity Builders to see what types of technical assistance, planning, and capacity building support is available.
- If you are a technical assistance provider:
 - Begin forming partnership teams with other technical assistance providers. This list of potential Capacity Builders includes information from potentially interested organizations from the FY 2022 program and may be a good place to
 - o Review the list of communities who submitted Letters of Interest for the FY 2022 program to better understand the diversity of places seeking support.





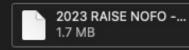




• Justin Fisher < jwfisher1@ua.edu>

To:

Steven Jones



Download · Preview

Steven,

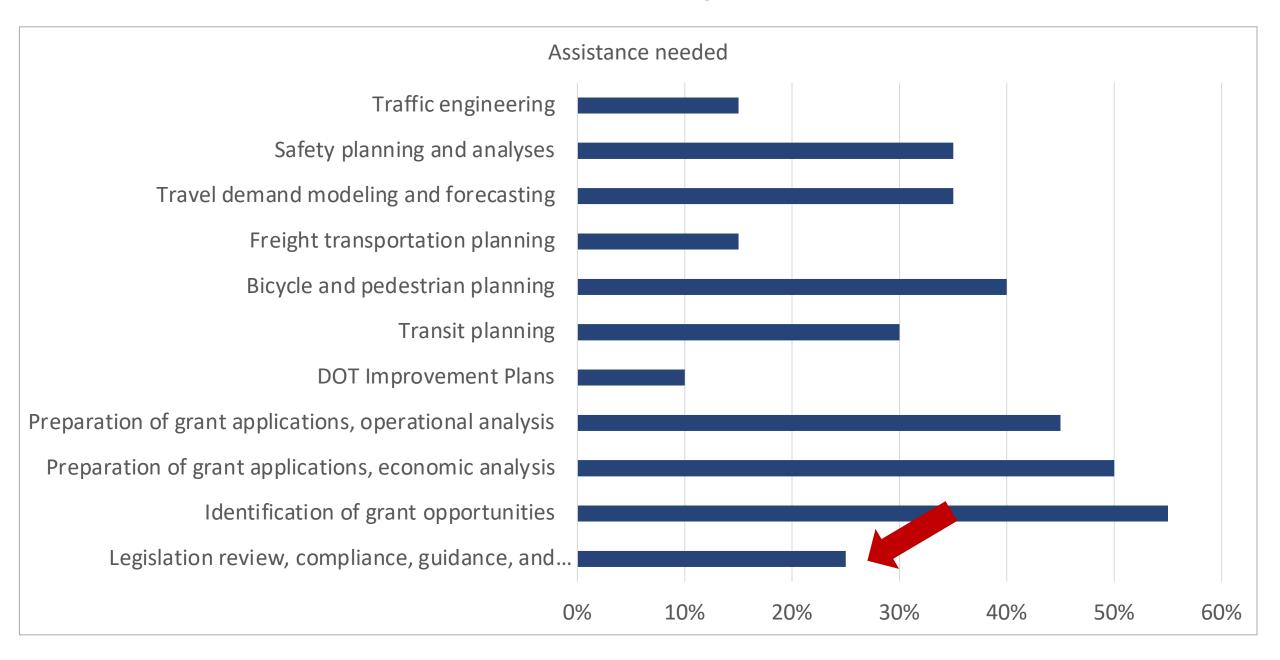
I have attached the slides I downloaded from the webinar, I also wanted to share some of my main takeaways that may be helpful as we move forward through the proposal process.

- The webinar hosts stressed the importance of making sure the entity applying for funding is registered at sam.gov and has obtained its Unique Entity ID. Also, the entity must be registered at grants.gov. The registration process may tale 2-4 weeks, so the hosts stressed the importance of starting that process ASAP.
- The hosts confirmed that 100% funding is an option and it does not impact the chances of whether funding will be awarded.
- However, the funding is a reimbursement program, NOT a lump sum award. Costs must be incurred by the entity, and it will then seek reimbursement on a monthly or quarterly basis.
- Of the 8 merit criteria, the hosts said Safety, Environmental Sustainability, Quality of Life, and Mobility and Community Connectivity are the most important.
- Projects that are related can be included in one application. Applicants may submit up to 3 applications.

From: Steven Jones <steven.jones@ua.edu>

Sent: Friday, January 20, 2023 2:51 PM





GAS TAX ALTERNATIVES: MILEAGE-BASED USER FEES



Historically, federal surface transportation programs have been funded primarily through taxes on motor fuels.^{1,2} However, the fuel tax system may not be a sustainable source of funding in the long run because of a projected decrease in energy consumption³ due to improving fuel efficiency,⁴ increasing use of electric vehicles,⁵ and growth in the number of vehicle miles traveled (Figures 1-3).⁶

Figure 1: Projections for U.S. Transportation Fuel Consumption, 2018 - 2050, Trillion BTU. Source: EIA

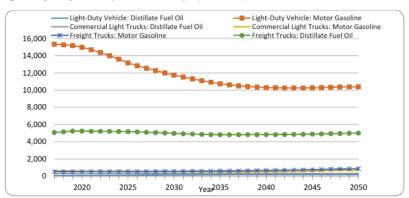


Figure 2: Annual vehicle miles traveled in the U.S., Millions. Source: EIA

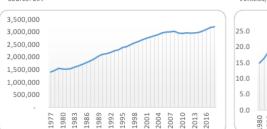
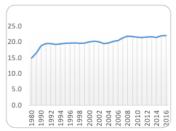


Figure 3: Average Fuel Efficiency of U.S. Light-Duty Vehicles. Miles per Gallon. 1980-2016. Source: EIA





ATPRC-2019-018 October 2019

Parking Infrastructure Finance



Executive Summary

Local governments historically have been the main providers of core economic infrastructure; they fund the vast majority of the nation's roads, transit systems, drinking water, and wastewater systems as well as public safety, educational facilities and buildings, health care, and amusement and recreation. But local governments currently face significant challenges to the funding and provision of local infrastructure. Cities and counties are dealing with a major investment gap in funding infrastructure projects. In light of this mounting pressure, municipalities are using various combinations of traditional and alternative financing methods to fund infrastructure.

Pay-As-You-Go Financing Cash and Savings	Pay-As-You-Use Financing Debt Financing
Taxation	Loan financing
General taxes	Private bank loans
 Special dedicated taxes 	Bond financing
Jser charges	General obligation bonds
Capital reserves and fund balance	Revenue bonds
Federal grants and aid	 Private activities bonds
State grants and aid	 Leasing-revenue bonds

Figure ES 1: Traditional Methods of Local Infrastructure Financing; Source: "Infrastructure Financing"

States, cities, counties, and other forms of local government have the option to issue municipal bonds. These can be general obligation bonds, which are backed by a community's general taxation revenues, or revenue bonds, which are typically paid off through revenues from parking fees. Virtually all municipal bonds for public parking improvements are tax exempt. Revenue bonds are an effective choice when the parking garage being constructed will be charging fees for parking. The net income from the parking garage is pledged toward repayment of the bonds.

Beyond traditional bond funding, a variety of alternative financing options exist. Shared Parking converts private parking into public parking during certain hours. For example, residential tenants park in a parking facility at night, and take their cars to work elsewhere, while those spaces are available to meet the demands of office, retail and commercial tenants who typically require daytime parking. Additional funding options include rental income subsidies, local option taxes, impact fees, special assessment districts, tax increment financing, joint development projects, and state and federal grants.



ATPRC-2020-005 April 2020

Can you help Scott out on this? Please feel free to reply to him directly (and copy me).

Steven

From: Scott Tillman < stillman@rpcgb.org>

Date: Wednesday, March 29, 2023 at 12:38

To: Steven Jones < steven.jones@ua.edu>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] FW: Records Disposition

Question for your lawyers!! What is the most current version for the attached document.

Thanks for the help!

Thanks, Scott

What next?